

# Supplementary Appendix to “Formal Models of Nondemocratic Politics”

Scott Gehlbach\*

Konstantin Sonin†

Milan W. Svobik‡

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\*Department of Political Science, University of Wisconsin–Madison, Madison, Wisconsin 53706; email: gehlbach@polisci.wisc.edu.

†Harris School of Public Policy Studies, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois 60637, and Higher School of Economics, Moscow, 101000, Russia; email: ksonin@uchicago.edu.

‡Department of Political Science, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut 06511; email: milan.svobik@yale.edu.

**The probability that a member of the winning coalition will be among the  $W$  members of the selectorate with the highest realization of the affinity parameters  $A_C^i$ :** The probability that an observation  $x$  from a sample of  $N$  draws from the standard uniform density is the  $k$ th largest is

$$\binom{N-1}{k-1} x^{(N-1)-(k-1)} (1-x)^{k-1}.$$

If all we know about  $x$  is that it is drawn from the standard uniform density, then the probability that  $x$  will rank as the  $k$ th largest observation is

$$\int_0^1 \binom{N-1}{k-1} x^{(N-1)-(k-1)} (1-x)^{k-1} dx.$$

In turn, the probability that this observation will be at least the  $k$ th largest observation is

$$\sum_{i=1}^k \int_0^1 \binom{N-1}{i-1} x^{(N-1)-(i-1)} (1-x)^{i-1} dx.$$

After multiplying and dividing the expression through by  $N$ , the integrand in each element of this sum can be expressed as the density function of the Beta distribution with the parameters  $N-i+1$  and  $i$

$$\sum_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{N} \int_0^1 \frac{\Gamma(N+1)}{\Gamma(i)\Gamma(N-i+1)} x^{(N-i)} (1-x)^{i-1} dx.$$

Since this density function (by assumption) integrates to 1, the probability that an observation from a sample of  $N$  draws from the standard uniform density is at least the  $k$ th largest is

$$\sum_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{N} = \frac{k}{N}.$$

Thus we see that the probability that a member of the winning coalition of size  $W$  who considers defecting to the challenger expects to be among the  $W$  members of the selectorate of size  $S$  with the highest realization of the affinity parameters  $A_C^i$  with the probability  $\frac{W}{S}$ .